

Protecting and improving the nation's health

Coronavirus (COVID-19)

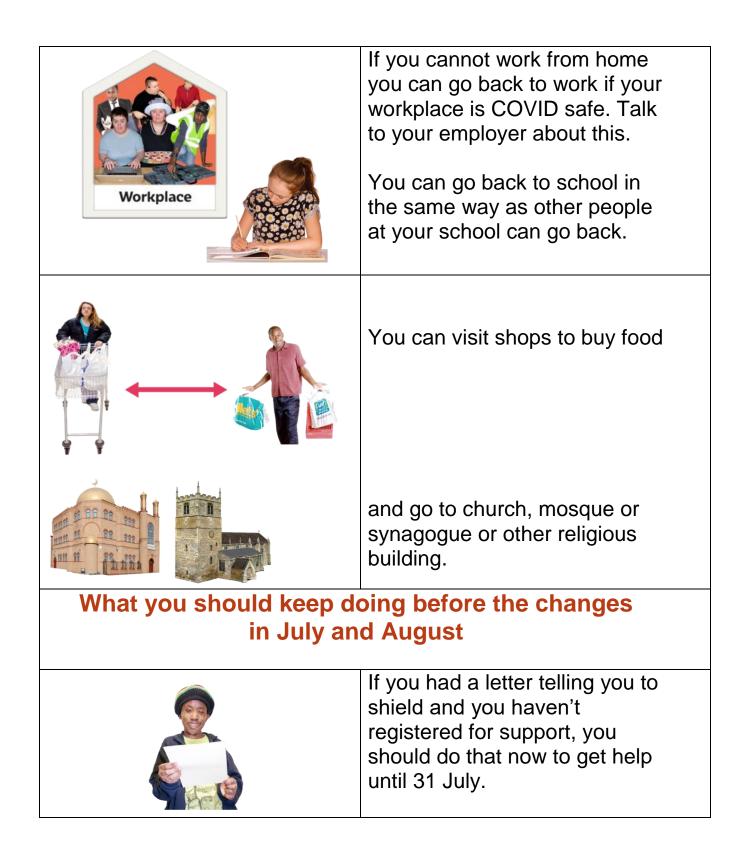
New guidance on protecting people most likely to get very poorly from coronavirus (COVID-19) (shielding)

June 2020

Corona virus covid 19	COVID-19 is a new illness. Lots of people call it coronavirus. It can affect your lungs and your breathing.
	 Symptoms of coronavirus are: a. a high temperature b. a new cough where you keep on coughing. This means coughing a lot for more than an hour or three or more episodes of coughing in a day. c. change to, or losing your sense of smell or taste.

Shielding guidance has changed - why?	
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What is changi	ing and when?
Corona virus course cou	People who are most likely to get very poorly must still be careful, but some advice has changed.
July 6	From 6 July:
hello again	People who are most likely to get very poorly (shielding) , can meet other people outdoors, even if they do not live together.
	They can meet up to 6 people. They must still be very careful to stay apart.

	People who the government has arranged for food boxes and medicine to be delivered to will carry on receiving them until the end of July.
	People who live on their own can spend time with one other household. This means you can spend time with all of the people who live together in that house. This is called a "support bubble"
	If you live on your own and form a social bubble with one other house, you don't need to keep away (social distance) from people in the other house.
August	From 1 August shielding is likely to be paused.
1	This means it will stop for now, unless the chance of catching Coronavirus gets higher again.
	People who are most likely to get very poorly (shielding) , should still try to keep away (social distance) from other people not in their support bubble.





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(This is an example number only)

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Click here to register online.

Or call 0800 028 8327

You will need your NHS number to register. This will be at the top of the letter you have received or on any prescriptions.

Washing hands and staying clean

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If you might get very poorly from coronavirus it is especially important to wash your hands often.



wash your hands for 20 seconds

- use soap and water
- use hand sanitiser (gel) if there is no soap and water when you are out

make sure you wash your hands when:

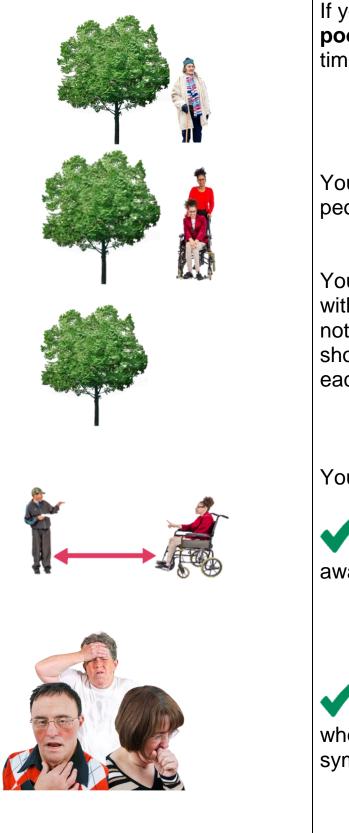
- you come home
- you visit other places
- before you touch food

Living with other people

Other people who live in your house do not need to shield themselves.
They can help you stay safe by following the guidance on staying alert and safe (social distancing).
They should try to keep away from you.
There are other things everyone can do to try to stop the virus spreading. These include:
 Using a different bathroom if possible.
If you use the same bathroom clean it each time after you use it. Wipe all surfaces you have touched using strong household cleaner (disinfectant).
2. Using different towels.

	3. Not using the kitchen at the same time.
clean	 4. Cleaning surfaces you often touch in the kitchen and other rooms in your house several times a day, such as: door handles handrails remote controls table tops Use household cleaner (detergent).
	5. Using a dishwasher. If this is not possible, use a different tea towel to dry each person's things.
20 Seconds	6. Everyone should keep washing their hands lots of times during the day with soap and water for 20 seconds.

Going outdoors and seeing friends – what you can do before the changes happen



If you are **most likely to get very poorly,** you are able to spend time outdoors if you want to.

You can go outdoors with the people you live with.

You can also meet up outdoors with one other person you do not live with. Ideally, this should be the same person each time.

You should:

be very strict about staying away from other people

stay away from anyone who has coronavirus symptoms



Help with food and medicines if you're	
shielding u	You should arrange for other people to bring you the things you need, like food, and leave them outside your door.
	They should not come into your home and you should not go outside to meet them. If you'd like help with your shopping NHS Volunteer Responders can also pick up and deliver your shopping to you. They can also pick up prescriptions or any other essentials you need.
	To arrange volunteer support phone 0808 196 3646 (8am to 8pm), or to arrange online click here.
Louncil	If you can't get the help you need the government can help by delivering essential supplies and support. To find out how click here. If you urgently need food or care contact your local council.

Getting your prescriptions





You can ask friends or family to get your medication for you.

If they cannot do this you can contact your pharmacy and ask them to deliver it.

If that is not possible go to www.gov.uk/coronavirusextremely-vulnerable to ask for help or call **0800 028 8327**

Visits from essential carers



If other people help you with things you must do (like washing, dressing, going to the toilet or eating) this can carry on.

Paid care workers can find more information about how they can protect you in the home care provision guidance. Family and friend carers may also find this helpful. Nurses or doctors can also carry on visiting you.

But, if anyone who cares for you has coronavirus symptoms they must stay away.

If your main carer becomes unwell

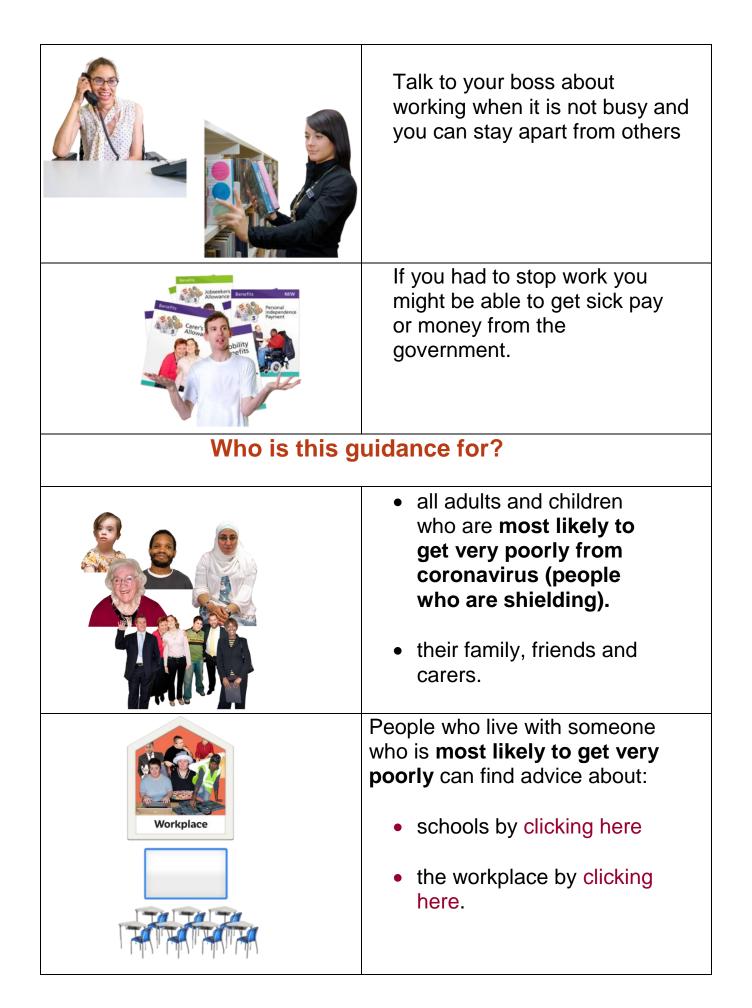
Corona Virus Plan	Make a plan about who will care for you if the people who usually care for you are not able to. Talk to your carers about this.
	If you're not sure who else would be able to care for you, contact your local council for advice.
	Use the phone or internet to keep in touch with other people.
	This includes health and social services, if you need them.
	If you have GP or other health appointments while you are shielding it is best that these happen by phone if possible. Contact your GP or health service for advice. Explain that you are shielding and most likely to get very poorly from coronavirus.

If you develop symptoms (feel poorly)

<image/>	If you have symptoms of coronavirus you should stay at home and arrange a test straight away. Do this online by clicking here. If you do not have internet access phone NHS 119 . In an emergency contact 999 .
<image/>	 Get one bag ready in case you become poorly and need to go to hospital. This will help the NHS give you the best care. Your bag should include: emergency contact details a list of the medications you take (including how much you take and how often) information about planned care appointments things for an overnight stay like medication, pyjamas, toothbrush and snacks your advanced care plan (only if you have one)

Looking after your wellbeing	
	Make sure you look after your wellbeing.
	spend time doing things you enjoy
	look on the internet for ideas of exercises you can do at home
<u>click</u>	Click here to find free 10-minute videos from PHE or click here for other exercise videos to try at home on the NHS fitness studio
Retry Control of the second se	try to eat healthy meals and drink enough water

	go outside into the garden if you have one
	open windows to let fresh air in and get some sunlight
	stay connected with family and friends
Working	
	You may have stopped work if you were shielding.
	If you go back to work: Ask your boss if you can work from home



What is shielding?	
	Some adults and children have a health condition that means they are most likely to get very poorly and have to go to hospital if they get coronavirus
Corona virus covid 19	 People who are most likely to get very poorly from coronavirus need to do more than other people to try to stop themselves getting coronavirus. This is also known as 'shielding'.
	Families, supporters and carers also need to do more to help people most likely to get very poorly from coronavirus. They should read the full guidance for more information. They can read it by clicking here.

